TDA & THD

BiRG Meeting 03/07/18 Xiu-Huan Yap

Topological Data Analysis (TDA)



Breast cancer subtype classification



General principles

Data has shape and shape has meaning

Properties of topology that enables data shape analysis:

- 1) Co-ordinate invariance
- 2) Deformation invariance
- 3) Compressed representation







TDA workflow



Figure 4: The refined pull back cover of the height function on a surface in \mathbb{R}^3 and its nerve

Chazal and Michel, 2017. An Introduction to TDA: fundamental and practical aspects for data scientists. arXiv:1710.04019 [math.ST]



TDA workflow 1600 1.5 1400 1200 1.0 1000 0.5 y-coordinate 800 Filter: Eccentricity 600 0.0 400 -0.5 200 Coverage: 5 -1.0Degree of overlap:0.206 0.8 1.0 12 1.4 1.6 -1.5 1.5 -1.0 10 0.5 -1.5-0.5 0.0 Cluster and construct x-coordinate top. model Eccentricity filter, a measure of **Centrality**: high value when a point is far from the 'center' of the data. 951 945 Size range: [1,951]

Ayasdi & KS analysis







Topological predict (Using containing nodes)

Predicted values	Prevalence (Manual)	Prediction prevalence
7	777/807	160
2 6	261/485 216/485	48
1	358/380	51





Topological Hierarchical Decomposition (THD)



- Each node represents a TDA network
- Networks formed from connected components of preceding networks
- Resolution is increased in discrete amounts until branches are observed (two or more connected components from 1 network)
- Terminal leaves formed when the group meets size thresholds (min/max # of points)

THD, Classification & Topological Prediction



Code by Brad Reynolds & Ryan Kramer, AFRL

Merged THDs

- Use binary labels to represent if nearest neighbor(s) are in each node
- Combine labels with other THDs

Possible methods of predictions:

- Linear or weighted combinations of THD predictions
- Use similarity comparisons to find closest training points across all THD models
- TDA/THD analysis of the merged THDs (interesting loops!)